# Guesslang

Release 2.2.1

Feb 09, 2022

## Contents

| 1  | Install Guesslang         1.1       Install from Pypi         1.2       Install from source code                  | <b>3</b><br>3<br>3                     |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2  | Usage         2.1       Python package         2.2       Command line tool  | <b>5</b><br>5<br>5                     |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | How does Guesslang guess?3.1Deep learning Model3.2Training3.3Accuracy3.4Limitations                               | <b>7</b><br>7<br>7<br>7<br>8           |  |  |  |  |
| 4  | References 1  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5  | 5.1 guesslang.Guess   | <b>13</b><br>13<br>14                  |  |  |  |  |
| 6  | Guesslang documentation   | 15                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 7  | 7.1 Install from Pypi   | <b>17</b><br>17<br>17                  |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | 8.1 Python package  | <b>19</b><br>19<br>19                  |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | 9.1       Deep learning Model         9.2       Training         9.3       Accuracy         9.4       Limitations | 21<br>21<br>21<br>21<br>21<br>22<br>22 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | References  | 25                                     |  |  |  |  |

Python Module Index

Index

27 29 Guesslang detects the programming language of a given source code. It supports more than **50** programming **languages** and detects the correct programming language with more than **90% accuracy**.

Guesslang is an open source deep learning software that have been trained with over a million source code files.

You can use Guesslang as a command line interface tool or as a Python module:

Guesslang supports 54 of the world's most popular programming languages:

| Assembly | Batchfile    | С           | C#           | C++        |
|----------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| Clojure  | CMake        | COBOL       | CoffeeScript | CSS        |
| CSV      | Dart         | DM          | Dockerfile   | Elixir     |
| Erlang   | Fortran      | Go          | Groovy       | Haskell    |
| HTML     | INI          | Java        | JavaScript   | JSON       |
| Julia    | Kotlin       | Lisp        | Lua          | Makefile   |
| Markdown | Matlab       | Objective-C | OCaml        | Pascal     |
| Perl     | PHP          | PowerShell  | Prolog       | Python     |
| R        | Ruby         | Rust        | Scala        | Shell      |
| SQL      | Swift        | TeX         | TOML         | TypeScript |
| Verilog  | Visual Basic | XML         | YAML         |            |

Guesslang is used by cool projects like the guessing game GG or the Slack bot Pasta.

It is also used by the Chameledit, web-editor to automagically highlight source code:

## Install Guesslang

Guesslang requires Python 3.7 or later.

## 1.1 Install from Pypi

You can run the following command to install Guesslang on your system:

pip install guesslang

### 1.2 Install from source code

To install Guesslang from source code, just download the source code from https://github.com/yoeo/guesslang, then run this command:

#### pip install .

### Usage

#### 2.1 Python package

Guesslang Python library helps you detect the programming language of a given text within your Python program. The Python classes are fully documentation here: *Guesslang package reference*.

### 2.2 Command line tool

On a terminal emulator, you can detect the programming language of a source code file by running guesslang /path/to/file.

As well, you can detect the programming language of a source code provided through the standard input using a pipeline like some-command | guesslang.

Examples:

• Detect the programming language of /etc/bashrc configuration file

```
guesslang /etc/bashrc
# Programming language: Shell
```

• Detect the programming language of a source code stored in a file

```
echo "
   class Array
   def quick_sort
    return self if length <= 1
    pivot = self[0]
    less, greatereq = self[1..-1].partition { |x| x < pivot }
    less.quick_sort + [pivot] + greatereq.quick_sort
   end
   end</pre>
```

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" > /tmp/quicksort
guesslang /tmp/quicksort
# Programming language: Ruby

• Execute a command that generates source code then detect the programming language on the fly:

```
echo '
Array.prototype.quick_sort = function () {
    if (this.length < 2) { return this; }
    var pivot = this[Math.round(this.length / 2)];
    return this.filter(x => x < pivot)
        .quick_sort()
        .concat(this.filter(x => x == pivot))
        .concat(this.filter(x => x > pivot).quick_sort());
    };
' | guesslang
# Programming language: JavaScript
```

• Show the programming language detection confidence score as probabilities:

```
echo "
def qsort(items):
   if not items:
       return []
   else:
       pivot = items[0]
       less = [x for x in items if x < pivot]</pre>
       more = [x for x in items[1:] if x >= pivot]
       return qsort(less) + [pivot] + qsort(more)
if __name__ == '__main__':
   items = [1, 4, 2, 7, 9, 3]
   print(f'Sorted: {qsort(items)}')
" | guesslang --probabilities
# Language name
                    Probability
# Python
                       74.80%
# Haskell
                        6.73%
# CoffeeScript
                        5.32%
# Groovy
                        1.95%
# Markdown
                         0.93%
#
  . . .
```

With Guesslang command line tool you can also show the detection **probabilities** for a given source code and even **train** your **custom** programming language detection model.

Run guesslang --help to see all the available options.

### How does Guesslang guess?

#### 3.1 Deep learning Model

Guesslang uses a deep learning Tensorflow model built with **1,900,000** unique source code files, randomly picked from **170,000** public Github projects.

Guesslang model is a Deep Neural Network classifier combined with Linear classifier. The model's hyperparameters have been fine tuned to have both the best **performances** and the best **generalization**.

### 3.2 Training

Having a data set with a **very large** number of **diverse** examples is essential to correctly train a model. This large dataset is built with GuesslangTools. It is used to train, evaluate and test Guesslang's deep learning model.

To avoid overfitting, each repositories is **strictly** associated with only one of the 3 aforementioned tasks. Therefore files from a repository assigned to the training task can only be used to train the model and cannot be used to evaluate nor test it.

The training and evaluation steps are done in a loop, as shown by the following loss curve.

The test in the other hand is done after the last training and evaluation steps to ensure that the final model performs well.

### 3.3 Accuracy

Guesslang deep learning model performs very well, with **93.45% accuracy**. This accuracy was calculated by testing Guesslang with 230,000 distinct source files.

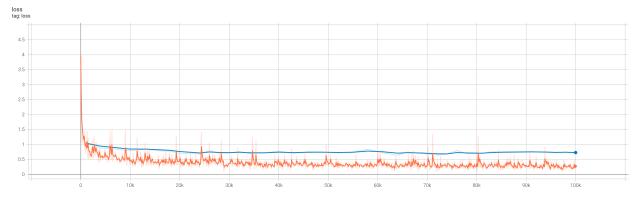


Fig. 1: — Loss curve, less is better. training, evaluation.

## 3.4 Limitations

Guesslang accuracy is very high but it is not perfect.

Some challenging source codes that are at the border between two languages can fool Guesslang. In fact, a valid C source code is almost always a valid C++ code, and a valid JavaScript source code is always a valid TypeScript code.

This phenomenon is shown by Guesslang's confusion matrix:

In addition to that, Guesslang may not guess the correct programming languages of **very small** code snippets. Small snippets don't always provide enough insights to accurately guess the programming language.

For example, print("Hello world") is a valid code snippet in several programming languages including Python, Scala, Ruby, Lua, Perl, etc...

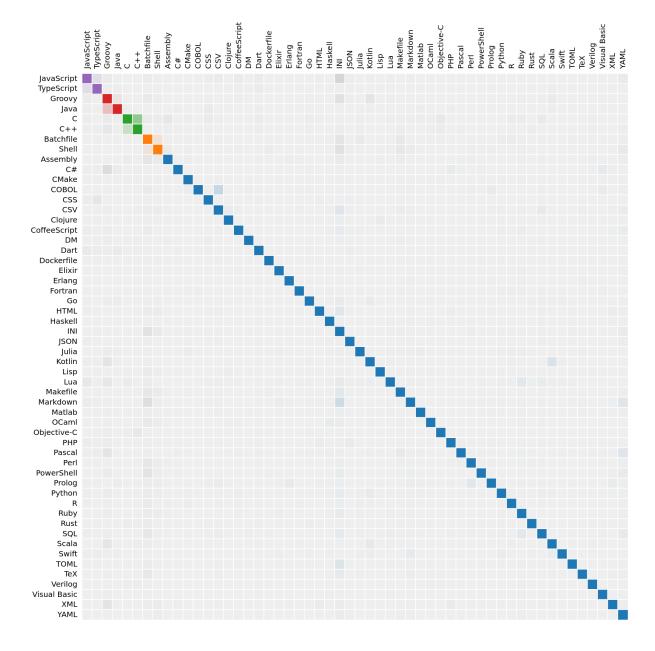


Fig. 2: — Lines: actual languages. Columns: guessed languages.

### References

- Guesslang source code is on Github.
- Guesslang is developped with Tensorflow machine learning framework.
- Use GuesslangTools to build your own training dataset.
- The example codes used in this documentation come from Rosetta Code.
- Guesslang logo has been created with Android Asset Studio and Eduardo Tunni's Warnes font.
- Guesslang Copyright (c) 2021 Y. SOMDA, MIT Licence.
- genindex
- modindex
- search

### Guesslang package reference

### 5.1 guesslang.Guess

```
class guesslang.Guess (model_dir: Optional[str] = None)
Guess the programming language of a source code.
```

Parameters model\_dir – Guesslang machine learning model directory.

#### is\_trained

Check if the current machine learning model is trained. Only trained models can be used for prediction.

Returns the model training status.

#### **language\_name** (*source\_code: str*) $\rightarrow$ Optional[str]

Predict the programming language name of the given source code.

Parameters source\_code - source code.

Returns the language name or None if no programming language is detected.

**probabilities** (*source\_code: str*)  $\rightarrow$  List[Tuple[str, float]] Gives the probability that the source code is written in each of the supported languages.

The probabilities are sorted from the most to the least probable programming language.

Parameters source\_code - source code.

**Returns** list of language names associated with their probability.

#### supported\_languages

List supported programming languages

Returns language name list.

**train** (*source\_files\_dir: str*, *max\_steps: int*)  $\rightarrow$  float

Train guesslang to recognize programming languages.

The machine learning model is trained from source code files. The files should be split in three subdirectories named "train", "valid" and "test". **Raises GuesslangError** – when the training cannot be run.

**Parameters source\_files\_dir** – directory that contains the "train", "valid" and "test" datasets.

**Returns** training accuracy, a value between 0 and 1.

## 5.2 guesslang.GuesslangError

Guesslang exception class

### Guesslang documentation

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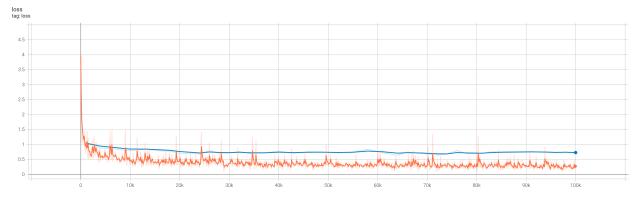


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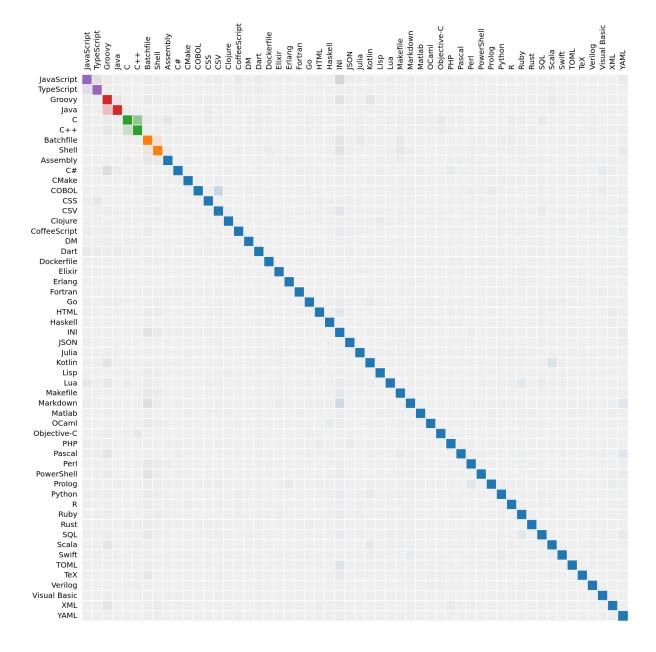


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- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

g

guesslang.GuesslangError,14

### Index

## G

Guess (*class in guesslang*), 13 guesslang.GuesslangError (*module*), 14

### I

is\_trained (guesslang.Guess attribute), 13

### L

language\_name() (guesslang.Guess method), 13

#### Ρ

probabilities() (guesslang.Guess method), 13

### S

supported\_languages (guesslang.Guess attribute),
13

### Т

train() (guesslang.Guess method), 13